

## 9.2 Translations Homework

Pg. 614 #11-14, 20-22, 29-33, 39-41

### PRACTICE AND PROBLEM SOLVING

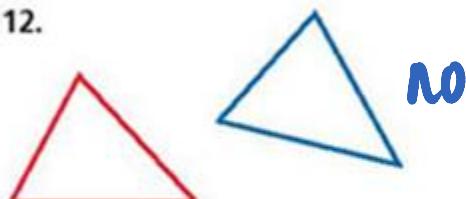
Tell whether each transformation appears to be a translation.

11.



*yes*

12.



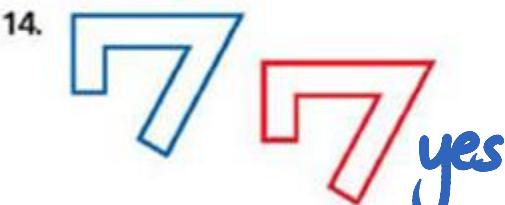
*no*

13.



*no*

14.



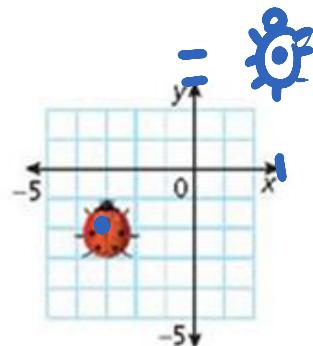
*yes*



20. **Animation** An animator draws the ladybug shown and then translates it along the vector  $\langle 1, 1 \rangle$ , followed by a translation of the new image along the vector  $\langle 2, 2 \rangle$ , followed by a translation of the second image along the vector  $\langle 3, 3 \rangle$ .

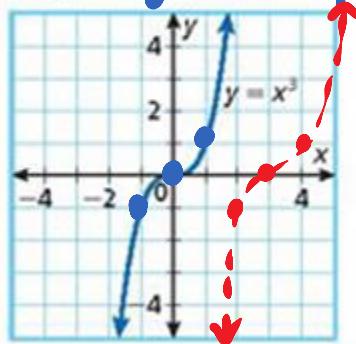
- Sketch the ladybug's final position.  $(3, 4)$
- What single vector moves the ladybug from its starting position to its final position?

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \langle 1, 1 \rangle \\
 & \langle 2, 2 \rangle \\
 & + \langle 3, 3 \rangle \\
 \hline
 & \langle 6, 6 \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

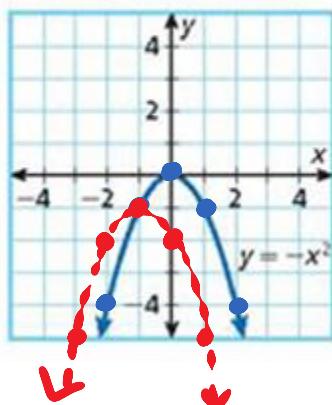


Draw the translation of the graph of each function along the given vector.

21.  $\langle 3, 0 \rangle$  *right 3 up 0*

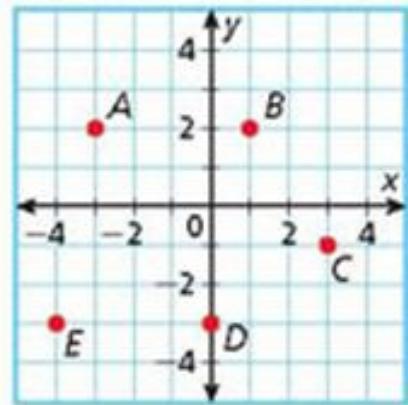


22.  $\langle -1, -1 \rangle$  *left 1 down 1*



Find the vector associated with each translation.  
Then use arrow notation to describe the mapping  
of the preimage to the image.

29. the translation that maps point  $A$  to point  $B$
30. the translation that maps point  $B$  to point  $A$
31. the translation that maps point  $C$  to point  $D$
32. the translation that maps point  $E$  to point  $B$
33. the translation that maps point  $C$  to the origin



- 29) Vector  $\langle 4, 0 \rangle$ ;  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+4, y)$ ;  $(-3, 2) \rightarrow (1, 2)$   
 30) vector  $\langle -4, 0 \rangle$ ;  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-4, y)$ ;  $(1, 2) \rightarrow (-3, 2)$   
 31) vector  $\langle -3, -2 \rangle$ ;  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-3, y-2)$ ;  $(3, -1) \rightarrow (0, -3)$   
 32) vector  $\langle 5, 5 \rangle$ ;  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+5, y+5)$ ;  $(-4, -3) \rightarrow (1, 2)$   
 33) vector  $\langle -3, 1 \rangle$ ;  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-3, y+1)$ ;  $(3, -1) \rightarrow (0, 0)$

39. What is the image of  $P(1, 3)$  when it is translated along the vector  $\langle -3, 5 \rangle$ ?

- A)  $(-2, 8)$       B)  $(0, 6)$       C)  $(1, 3)$       D)  $(0, 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} P(1, 3) \\ \langle -3, 5 \rangle \\ P'(-2, 8) \end{aligned}$$

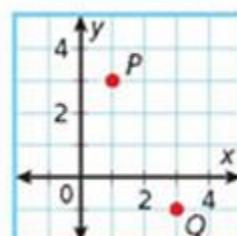
40. After a translation, the image of  $A(-6, -2)$  is  $B(-4, -4)$ . What is the image of the point  $(3, -1)$  after this translation?

- F)  $(-5, 1)$       G)  $(5, -3)$       H)  $(5, 1)$       J)  $(-5, -3)$

$$\begin{aligned} A(-6, -2) \\ \langle +2, -2 \rangle \\ B(-4, -4) \end{aligned}$$

41. Which vector translates point  $Q$  to point  $P$ ?

- A)  $\langle -2, -4 \rangle$       C)  $\langle -2, 4 \rangle$   
 B)  $\langle 4, -2 \rangle$       D)  $\langle 2, -4 \rangle$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } \dots & (3, -1) \\ & \langle 2, -2 \rangle \\ & \hline (5, -1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle -2, 4 \rangle$$