Set up the equations you would use to solve for $x$ only! DO NOT SOLVE!
1.


Equation: $\qquad$ $3 x=4 x-10$
3.


Equation: $10 x+4 x=88$
5.


Equation: $14 x+8+6 x+4=180$
7.


Equation: $\quad 14 x+8=10 x+2$
2.

4.


Equation: $\quad 4 x+3=10 x+12$
6.


Equation: $\quad 10 x+12=30$
8. $\overrightarrow{M Q}$ bisects $<A M P,<A M P=40 x+10,<A M Q=6 x-2$


Equation:
$6 x-2+6 x-2=40 x+10$

Now... Please solve the problems completely!
9. A supplement of an angle is 3 times the complement of the angle.
Find the angle.

$$
\begin{aligned}
180-x & =3(90-x) \\
180-x & =270-3 x \\
2 x & =90 \\
x & =45
\end{aligned}
$$

11. The measure of two supplementary angles are in a ratio of $7: 5$. What is the value of the smaller angle?

$$
\begin{aligned}
7 x+5 x & =180 \\
12 x & =180 \\
x & =15 \\
5(15) & =75^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

13. An angle is its own complement. Find the Measure of the supplement of the angle.

$$
\begin{gathered}
x=90-x \\
2 x=90 \\
x=45 \\
180-45=135
\end{gathered}
$$

10. An angle's measure is 6 degrees more than three times the measure of the complement. Find the measure of the complement.

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
x=6+3(90-x) & 90 \\
x=6+270-3 x \\
x=276-3 x \\
4 x=276 \\
x=69
\end{array}
$$

12. An angle measures 12 degrees less than three times its supplement. Find the measure of the angle.

$$
\begin{gathered}
x=3(180-x)-12 \\
x=540-3 x-12 \\
x=528-3 x \\
4 x=528 \\
x=132
\end{gathered}
$$

14. Angle DEF and Angle FEG are supplementary. $m<D E F=9 x+1, m<F E G=8 x+9$. Find both angles.

$$
\begin{aligned}
9 x+1+8 x+9 & =180 \\
17 x+10 & =180 \\
17 x & =170 \\
m \angle D E F=91^{\circ}, &
\end{aligned}
$$

