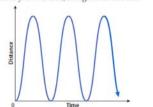
Page 473 #8-11 Page 477 #1-9

For Exercises 8-10, use the following information.

Suppose you are pushing your sister on a swing. If you sketch a graph of her distance from you over time, it might look like this.



- 8. What happens to the distance between you and your sister over time if you push with the same force each time?
- 9. What do the maximum values in the graph represent? What do the minimum values in the graph represent
- 10. Where in the graph are the swing's chains perpendicular to the ground? Explain.

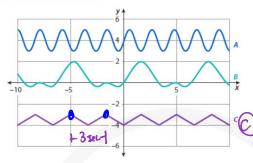
The distance oscillates between 2 distances...the max and min. distance.

Max values represent when your sister is me gration distance away from you. The min. values when she is closest.

The Chains are to when the swing is halfway between the max. of min. SO M the graph that is the hattway point on the graph as well

(both the min and max)

11. The figure shows graphs of three periodic functions. Each function's graph repeats some basic shape. The horizontal axis measures time in seconds.



Find an approximate period and frequency for each graph.

vorious knowers.

Pd ≈ 6.5 sec.) Free ≈ 15cycle per sound.

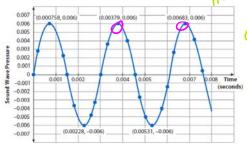
Pd=2 sec. Freb= 2 cycle per sec.

€ Pd=3 Sec. Freq. = 1 or = 0.33 cycle
per second

11. Sample answers: Graph A: period ≈ 2 s; frequency $\approx \frac{1}{2}$ cycle per second Graph B: period ≈ 6.3 s; frequency ≈ 0.16 cycle per second Graph C: period ≈ 3 s; frequency $\approx \frac{1}{2}$ cycle per second

Practice for Lesson 13.2

For Exercises 1–3, use the scatter plot below. The plot represents

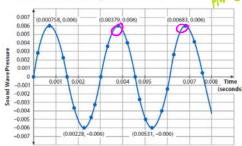


1. Find the period of the sound wave.

2. Find the frequency of the sound wave.

- possible Answers Period: .00683-,00379 = 0.00304 sec
 - : _____ or about 329 cycles per second.

For Exercises 1–3, use the scatter plot below. The plot represents data collected from a tuning fork with a CBL.



possible ...-

- 1. Find the period of the sound wave.
- 2. Find the frequency of the sound wave.
- 3. Find the amplitude of the sound wave.

For Exercises 4-9, match each term with its description.

- 4. large amplitude C
- A. a sound wave with a short period
- 5. small amplitude
- B. the number of cycles of a sound wave in one second
- 6. period
- C. a loudly played note
- 7. frequency 3
- D. a sound wave with a low frequency
- 8. low-pitched note
- E. the length of time for one complete cycle of a periodic function
- 9. high-pitched note
- F. a softly played note