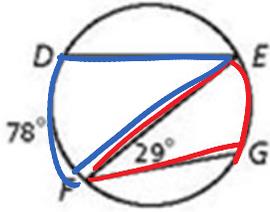


12.4 Inscribed Angles  
Page 824 #2-11, 16-19, 26-27

Find each measure.

2.  $m\angle DEF$

3.  $m\widehat{EG}$

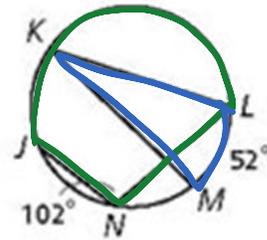


2)  $m\angle DEF = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{DF})$   
 $m\angle DEF = \frac{1}{2}(78)$   
 $m\angle DEF = 39^\circ$

3)  $m\angle EFG = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{EG})$   
 $2 \cdot 29^\circ = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{EG}) \cdot 2$   
 $58^\circ = m\widehat{EG}$

4.  $m\widehat{JKL}$

5.  $m\angle LKM$

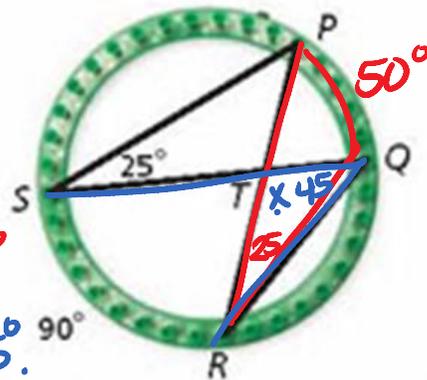


4)  $m\angle JNL = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{JKL})$   
 $2 \cdot 102 = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{JKL}) \cdot 2$   
 $204^\circ = m\widehat{JKL}$

5)  $m\angle LKM = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{LM})$   
 $m\angle LKM = \frac{1}{2}(52)$   
 $m\angle LKM = 26^\circ$

6. **Crafts** A circular loom can be used for knitting. What is the  $m\angle QTR$  in the knitting loom?

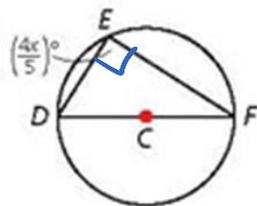
1<sup>st</sup> If  $m\angle PSQ = 25^\circ$ , then  $m\widehat{PQ} = 50^\circ$   
 2<sup>nd</sup> If  $m\widehat{PQ} = 50^\circ$ , then  $m\angle PRQ = 25^\circ$   
 3<sup>rd</sup> If  $m\widehat{SR} = 90^\circ$ , then  $m\angle SQR = 45^\circ$



4<sup>th</sup>  $x + 25 + 45 = 180$  so  $x = 110^\circ$  so  $m\angle QTR = 110^\circ$

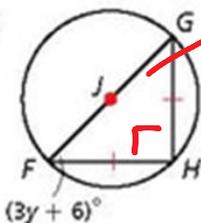
Find each value.

7.  $x$



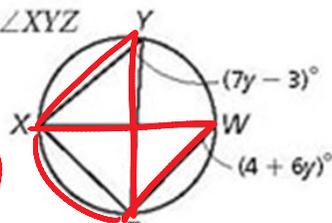
~~5.~~  $\frac{4x}{5} = 90 \cdot 5$   
 $4x = 450$   
 $x = 112.5$

8.  $y$



$3y+6 + 3y+6 + 90 = 180$   
 $6y + 102 = 180$   
 $6y = 78$   
 $y = 13$

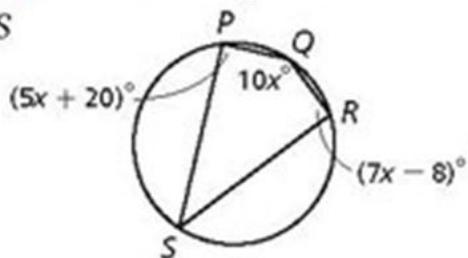
9.  $m\angle XYZ$



$7y - 3 = 4 + 6y$   
 $y = 7$   
 $m\angle XYZ = 7(7) - 3$   
 $m\angle XYZ = 46^\circ$

**Multi-Step** Find the angle measures of each quadrilateral.

10. PQRS



\*Recall; opp  $\angle$ 's supp

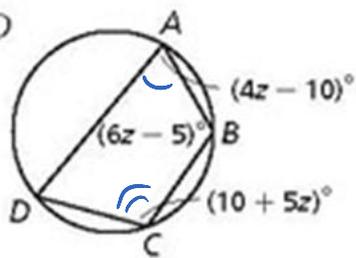
$$5x + 20 + 7x - 8 = 180$$

$$12x = 168$$

$$x = 14$$

$$m\angle P = 90^\circ, m\angle R = 90^\circ, m\angle Q = 140^\circ, m\angle S = 40^\circ$$

11. ABCD



$$4z - 10 + 10 + 5z = 180$$

$$9z = 180$$

$$z = 20$$

$$m\angle A = 70^\circ, m\angle C = 110^\circ,$$

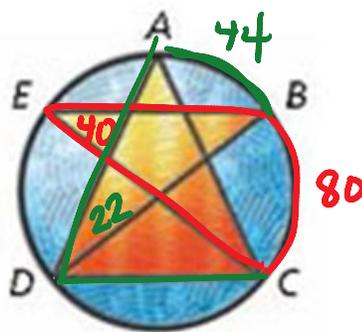
$$m\angle B = 115^\circ, m\angle D = 65^\circ$$

16. **Crafts** An artist created a stained glass window. If  $m\angle BEC = 40^\circ$  and  $m\widehat{AB} = 44^\circ$ , what is  $m\angle ADC$ ?

$$m\angle ADC = \frac{1}{2}m\widehat{AC}$$

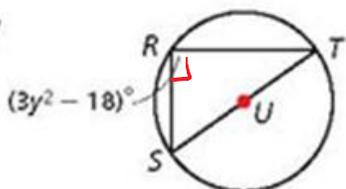
$$m\angle ADC = \frac{1}{2}(124)$$

$$m\angle ADC = 62^\circ$$



**xy Algebra** Find each value.

17. y



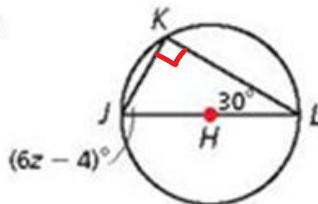
$$3y^2 - 18 = 90$$

$$3y^2 = 108$$

$$y^2 = 36$$

$$y = \pm 6$$

18. z

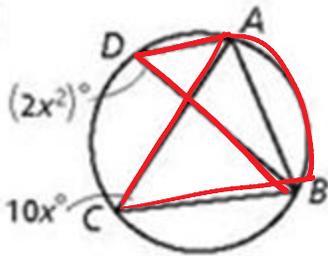


$$6z - 4 + 30 + 90 = 180$$

$$6z = 64$$

$$z = \frac{32}{3} \text{ or } 10\frac{2}{3} \text{ or } 10.67$$

19.  $m\widehat{AB}$



$$2x^2 = 10x$$

$$2x^2 - 10x = 0$$

$$2x(x - 5) = 0$$

$$2x = 0 \quad x - 5 = 0$$

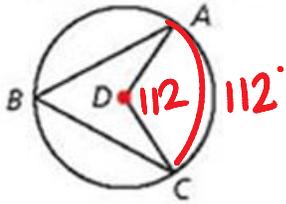
$$x = 0 \quad x = 5$$

~~If  $x = 0$ :~~  
 ~~$m\angle ACB = 10(0) = 0$~~

If  $x = 5$ :  
 $m\angle ACB = 10(5) = 50^\circ$   
 so  $\widehat{AB} = 100^\circ$

**Multi-Step** Find each angle measure.

26.  $m\angle ABC$  if  
 $m\angle ADC = 112^\circ$

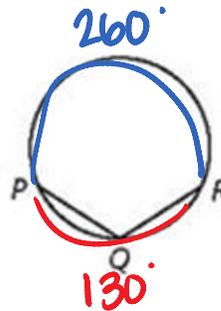


$$m\angle ABC = \frac{1}{2} \text{ arc}$$

$$m\angle ABC = \frac{1}{2}(112)$$

$$m\angle ABC = 56^\circ$$

27.  $m\angle PQR$  if  
 $m\widehat{PQR} = 130^\circ$



$$m\angle PQR = \frac{1}{2} \widehat{PR}$$

$$m\angle PQR = \frac{1}{2}(260)$$

$$m\angle PQR = 130^\circ$$